



**ITANAGAR, ARUNACHAL PRADESH**

**An appeal case U/S 19(3) of RTI Act, 2005**

**Vide Case No.APIC-784/2023**

**BEFORE THE HON'BLE COURT OF SHRI VIJAY TARAM, THE STATE  
INFORMATION COMMISSIONER, UNDER SECTION 19(3) OF RTI ACT, 2005.**

Shri Nabam Sono

..... Appellant

**-VERSUS-**

PIO-Executive Engineer, PHE&WS Department,  
Basar, Leparada District,  
Govt. of Arunachal Pradesh

..... Respondent.

**Order: 22.07.2025.**

**JUDGEMENT**

The 4<sup>th</sup> hearing held on 22<sup>nd</sup> July' 2025, related to the APIC No.784/2023. The Appellant Shri Nabam Sono, absent in today's hearing again. He was also absent in the previous two hearings consecutively on 24 April 2025 & 16<sup>th</sup> January 2025, without intimating to the Commission his reason for the inability to attend the hearing which sufficiently displays the non seriousness of the Appellant after making an appeal to this Commission.

The PIO -cum- EE (PHE & WS) Division, Basar present during the hearing through online mode.

**Heard the PIO,**

The PIO stated before the Commission that after receipt of the RTI application on 12<sup>th</sup> NOV'2025 he has sent a letter to the Appellant to submit an amount of Rs 1227/- ( Rupees one thousand two hundred Twenty seven) only as the cost of the information(s) that the Appellant has applied for and to collect the information(s) from the office of the PIO.

**The Commission observes;**

1. The Appellant was absent on the 2<sup>nd</sup> hearing of 16/01/2025 and on the 3<sup>rd</sup> hearing of 24/04/2025, & and on the fourth hearing of 22/7/2025, without intimating to the Commission, the reason for his absence.
2. The **Summons were** was sent to the Appellant on 16<sup>th</sup> Jan'2025 and 24<sup>th</sup> April 2025 to be present in the next date of hearing which is today on 22/07/ 2025, 2:30 PM, but the Appellant has failed to attend the hearings for three consecutive times.
3. Despite the **summon from the** court of this Commission the Appellant has not bothered to attend the hearing for the consecutive third time, which sufficiently proves that he is not serious on his appeal and also the Appellant is showing disrespect to the procedural laws, under RTI Act 2005 even after being the Appellant himself.

4. Impact on Procedure: The repeated failure of the Appellant to appear for the hearing has resulted in systematic delay of judicial proceedings, impacting the PIO's right to a timely resolution of the case, thereby, also hindering the PIO to deliver other public duties.
5. Before deciding the present case, the Commission feels it necessary to consider the issue regarding "Public Interest" aspect.
6. The **RTI, Act, 2005** is primarily considered to be in the "Public Interest" as it allows citizens to access government information(s), which is meant to promote transparency and accountability, thereby serving the welfare of the general public rather than any individual's personal interest alone; the key principle of the act is to disclose information(s) that benefits the larger community.

**Purpose;**

The main goal of the RTI, Act is to empower citizens to access information(s) held by government authorities, which helps to monitor government actions and prevent corruption, ultimately serving the public good.

**Larger Public Interest Consideration;**

Even if information is technically personal, it can be disclosed under RTI, Act, if the "Public Interest" in disclosure outweighs any potential harm. As given in Section 8(I)(j) in regard to "Public activity or interest".

7. The Hon'ble Madras High Court In Para **14(iii)(5) of the A. Vijaya Sekaran Vs Secretary to Government**, Home (Police) (iii) Department Fort St. George Chennai 9. has held as follows; "It is necessary to take note of the meaning of Public Interest Litigation (PIL); in stroud's judicial dictionary, volume-4(iv addition) "Public Interest "is defined thus; "Public Interest (1) A matter of public or General Interest does not mean that which is interesting as gratifying curiosity or a love of information or amusement but, that in which a class of the" community " have a pecuniary interest , or some interest by which their legal rights or liabilities are affected".

In Para 16; " As noted Supra, a time has come to weed out the petitions, which though titled as Public Interest Litigation(PIL) are in essence something else. It is shocking to note that Courts are flooded with large numbers of so called Public Interest Litigation (PIL) where even a minuscule percentage can legitimately be called as Public Interest Litigation (PIL)".

8. In Ashok Kumar Pandey Vs. State of West Bengal, reported in 2004(3) SCC 349, the Hon'ble Apex Court, after considering few decisions, on the aspect of Public Interest Litigation, observed as follows:

"4. When there is material to show that a petition styled as a Public Interest Litigation is nothing but a camouflage to foster personal disputes, said petition is to be thrown out.

Seeking information(s) under RTI, Act, 2005 has now come to occupy an important field in the administration of law and development of the Nation, State and Society and so the right should not be in "Publicity interest" or "Private interest" or "Politics interest" or the latest trend "Paissa income".



If not properly regulated and abuse averted, it becomes also a tool in unscrupulous hands to release vendetta and wreck vengeance, as well, towards the PIO. There must be real and genuine Public Interest involved in the application for information(s) and not merely an adventure of knight errant or to poke ones/PIO's into for a probe. The provisions under RTI, Act, 2005 cannot also be invoked by a body of persons to further his or their personal grudge and enmity.

A person acting bonafide and having sufficient interest in the subject of information will alone have a locus stand and can apply for information to the office of the PIO, but not for Private Profit or Political motive or any oblique consideration.

9. The oxford dictionary describes the meaning of community as "a group of individuals connected by a common location or characteristic, or bonded through shared goals, interests and vision.

The Black's Law Dictionary defines "Public" as relating to the whole community, Nation, or State. It can also mean something that is open to all, common to many, or general.

The Black's law dictionary yet describes "community" as a group of people who live in the same place, have common rights and privileges and are governed by the same laws and regulations.

10. The **RTI Act 2005**, is a law enacted by the law makers of the Country to see that information pertaining to welfare schemes he made public in the General interest of the public by seeking information through the procedural laws of RTI Act 2005.

The above cited observations, statements definitions are some of the cases where the Supreme Court and the High Court broadened the scope of "Public Interest".

Pursuant to the above circumstance and the procedural laws of RTI Act 2005, the Commission finds that the Appellant is in contempt of court of this Commission as well as unnecessarily wasting the precious time of the office of the PIO as well as of the Commission.

The Form-A application submitted by the Appellant clearly indicates that he is a resident of Lekhi Village, Naharlagun which is located in the Papum-Pare District of Arunachal Pradesh. This establishes that he is part of the Naharlagun Public in the Lekhi Village area of Arunachal Pradesh, India.

In contrast, the Public Information Officer (PIO) addressed in this Appeal serves the public duties and services specifically for the residents of Basar Town in the Leparada District of Arunachal Pradesh.

And that the information(s) sought by the Appellant for the works undertaken by the PIO's office also is for the interest of the public of Basar Town, Leparada District and not for the public of Lekhi Village, where from the Appellant is a public.

Therefore, the Commission observes that the information(s) sought by the Appellant are not in the interest of Basar Town public but for his vested interest.

This distinction suggests that the intent of the Appellant may not align with the interests or well-being of the people of Basar Town or entire Leparada District.

Therefore, it raises questions about the relevance of his appeal for the local public services and the efficacy of addressing the needs of the Basar Community.

**Now therefore, the Commission hereby orders;**

- i) The appeal filed by the Appellant is hereby decided ex-parte and dismissed after giving enough opportunity to the Appellant of being heard by sending consecutive notice of hearing. And under above facts and circumstances this appeal by **Shri Nabam Sonu is hereby dismissed and closed with no liberty given to Appellant for filing fresh application to the same PIO on the same subject of information, as he has not filed the application for information(s) in the public interest.**

Judgment order pronounced in the open Court of this Commission today on this **22<sup>nd</sup> day of July 2025**, copy of judgment order be furnished to both the parties.

Given under my hand and seal of this Commission/Court on this **22<sup>nd</sup> day of July '2025**.

Sd/-

**(Vijay Taram)**

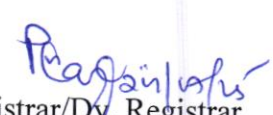
State Information Commissioner  
APIC-Itanagar

**Memo.No.APIC-784/A/2023** / 818

**Dated Itanagar, the ..... 25 July, 2025.**

Copy to:

1. PIO-Cum-Executive Engineer, PHE&WS, Basar, Leparada District, Govt of Arunachal Pradesh for information and necessary action please. **Pin Code- 791101.**
2. Shri Nabam Sono, Lekhi Village, Naharlagun, P/Pare District Arunachal Pradesh for information please. **Contact No. 9402627443**
- ✓ 3. The Computer Programmer, APIC for uploading on the Website of APIC please.
4. Office Copy.

  
Registrar/Dy. Registrar  
APIC, Itanagar.

**Deputy Registrar**  
Arunachal Pradesh Information Commissioner  
Itanagar