





## ARUNACHAL PRADESH INFORMATION COMMISSION ITANAGAR

## BEFORE THE FULL BENCH COURT OF STATE INFORMATION COMMISSIONERS

No.APIC-984/2023

Dated, Itanagar the 25 July, 2024

## Appeal Under Section 19(3) RTI Act, 2005

**Appellant:** 

Shri Simon Yangfo and Shri Bangram Tungi, Kapa Village, Nirjuli, Po/Ps Nirjuli, Arunachal Pradesh, PIN- 7921109, (M) 8798076992 / 9436683386.

Vs

Respondent:

The PIO-cum-DFO, Bomdila Forest Division, West Kameng District; Arunachal Pradesh, PIN-790001.

## ORDER

- 1). This is an appeal under Section 19(3) of RTI Act, 2005 filed by Shri Simon Yangfo and Shri Bangram Tungi, Kapa Village, Nirjuli, Po/Ps Nirjuli, Arunachal Pradesh, for non-furnishing of information by the PIO-cum-DFO, Bomdila Forest Division, West Kameng District, Arunachal Pradesh as sought by the Appellant under section 6(1) of RTI Act, 2005 vide Form-A Dated 01/08/2023 regarding CAMPA.
- 2). The 1<sup>st</sup> hearing is held today on 2<sup>nd</sup> May, 2024(Thursday) at 1400hrs. The Commission after perusing the records available as submitted by the Appellant and in observance of section 6(1) (b) and Section 7(9) of the RTI Act, 2005 directed the Appellant to seek specific information, i.e. detail of information for one specific work of one financial year in one application, so that the public authority can furnish information within prescribed time period, without disproportionately diverting the resources.
- 3). In this context, it is relevant to mention observation of the Central Information Commission in the case of "Ashok Kumar vs Department Of Higher Education on 3 January, 2020 CIC/DHEDU/A/2018/145972/02526 File no.: CIC/DHEDU/A/2018/145972" -

"From a perusal of the relevant case records, it is noted that the information sought by the appellant relates to all the IITs and Sec 6(3) transfer by the CPIO, MHRD to all the IITs was not practicably possible. Moreover, it is pertinent to mention here that the sought for information is voluminous and direction for disclosure would disproportionately divert the resources of the public authorities. It is relevant to mention below the Apex Court observations relating to impractical demands of the appellants in the case of CBSE vs Aditya Bandopadhyay & Ors on 9 August, 2011, Civil Appeal No.6454 of 2011[Arising File no.: CIC/DHEDU/A/2018/145972 =

"37. ......Indiscriminate and impractical demands or directions under RTI Act for disclosure of all and sundry information (unrelated to transparency and accountability in the functioning of public authorities and eradication of corruption) would be counter-productive as it will adversely affect the efficiency of the administration and result in the executive getting bogged down with the non-productive work of collecting and furnishing information. The Act should not

Under Section 18(3) of the Act the Central Information Commission or State Information Commission, as the case may be, while inquiring into any matter in this Section has the same powers as are vested in a civil court while trying a suit in respect of certain matters specified in Section 18(3)(a) to (f). Under Section 18(4) which is a non-obstante clause, the Central Information Commission or the State Information Commission, as the case may be, may examine any record to which the Act applies and which is under the control of the public authority and such records cannot be withheld from it on any ground.

30. It has been contended before us by the respondent that under Section 18 of the Act the Central Information Commission or the State Information Commission has no power to provide access to the information which has been requested for by any person but which has been denied to him. The only order which can be passed by the Central Information Commission or the State Information Commission, as the case may be, under Section 18 is an order of penalty provided under Section 20.

However, before such order is passed the Commissioner must be satisfied that the conduct of the Information Officer was not bona fide.

- 31. We uphold the said contention and do not find any error in the impugned judgment of the High court whereby it has been held that the Commissioner while entertaining a complaint under Section 18 of the said Act has no jurisdiction to pass an order providing for access to the information.
- 32. In the facts of the case, the appellant after having applied for information under Section 6 and then not having received any reply thereto, it must be deemed that he has been refused the information. The said situation is covered by Section 7 of the Act. The remedy for such a person who has been refused the information is provided under Section 19 of the Act. A reading of Section 19(1) of the Act makes it clear. Section 19(1) of the Act is set out below:
- "19. Appeal. (1) Any person who, does not receive a decision within the time specified in sub-section (1) or clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 7, or is aggrieved by a decision of the Central Public Information Officer or the State Public Information Officer, as the case may be, may within thirty days from the expiry of such period or from the receipt of such a decision prefer an appeal to such officer who is senior in rank to the Central Public Information Officer or the State Public Information Officer as the case may be, in each public authority:

Provided that such officer may admit the appeal after the expiry of the period of thirty days if he or she is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time."

- 33. A second appeal is also provided under sub-section (3) of Section 19. Section 19(3) is also set out below:
- "(3) A second appeal against the decision under sub-section (1) shall lie within ninety days from the date on which the decision should have been made or was actually received, with the Central Information Commission or the State Information Commission:

Provided that the Central Information Commission or the State Information Commission, as the case may be, may admit the appeal after the expiry of the period of ninety days if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time."

35. The procedure for hearing the appeals have been framed in exercise of power under clauses (e) and (f) of sub-section (2) of Section 27 of the Act. They are called the Central Information Commission (Appeal Procedure) Rules, 2005. The procedure of deciding the appeals is laid down in Rule 5 of the said Rules.

Therefore, the case is hereby closed and disposed of.

Order copies be issued to all the parties.

Sd/-

(RinchenDorjee) State Chief Information Commissioner Arunachal Pradesh Information Commission

Itanagar

Dated, Itanagar the

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July,2024

Memo No.APIC-984/2023 / 9 / Copy to:

1. The FAA-cum-CCF, Govt. of A.P., O/o CCF, Department of Environment and Forest, Banderdewa, Papum Pare, District, Arunachal Pradesh, PIN-79/11/1 for information and necessary action please.

2. Computer Programmer, APIC, Itanagar, to upload in APIC Website& send mail to all the

3. Case file.

Registrar /Dy. Registrar Arunachal Pradesh Information Commission

Itanagar Deputy Registrar Arunachal Pradesh Information Commission Itanagar